

Executive Summary

Modern ransomware groups such as FIN7/FIN12, LockBit, and ALPHV/BlackCat have evolved from opportunistic attacks to sophisticated, APT-grade operations that systematically exploit identity, credentials, and legitimate system tools. These financially motivated threat actors compress attack timelines to as little as 48 minutes breakout time, making traditional siloed security architectures fundamentally inadequate.

This white paper demonstrates how Seceon's Open Threat Management (OTM)

Platform delivers unified, Al-powered detection and automated response
capabilities that intercept ransomware attacks at the earliest stages, before
encryption, data exfiltration, or impact. Through the convergence of aiSIEM, aiXDRPMax, SOAR 4.0, UEBA, ITDR, and NDR on a single, purpose-built data format (SEF),
organizations achieve:

- 95% reduction in false positives through Al-driven correlation
- Sub-5 minute Mean Time to Detect (MTTD) and Mean Time to Respond (MTTR)
- 70% automated incident response, eliminating manual correlation gaps
- 47-58% cost reduction compared to fragmented multi-vendor approaches

By mapping Seceon's unified capabilities directly against the sophisticated TTPs of FIN7, LockBit, and ALPHV, this analysis proves that early-stage interception is not only possible but economically superior to reactive breach response.

Strategic Threat Overview: Financial Cybercrime and the RaaS Ecosystem

The Financial Imperative: RaaS and Big Game Hunting

Ransomware operations demonstrated an 11% increase in reported incidents in 2024, with groups transitioning toward "Big Game Hunting" abandoning mass targeting in favor of high-value enterprises that promise maximum financial payoffs. LockBit and ALPHV/BlackCat exemplify this scalable, professionalized Ransomware-as-a-Service (RaaS) model, consistently targeting critical sectors including financial services, education, and energy.

A critical observation from incident response data reveals the persistent erosion of attacker dwell time. While the global median dwell time has decreased to 10 days, threat actors achieve their objectives within 5 to 7 days. Some ransomware variants like LockBit 2.0 have demonstrated even shorter compromise windows. This divergence, where exploitation time is less than detection time, demonstrates that manual, human-driven correlation processes are inherently inadequate. The only viable defense is automated detection and response with sub-5-minute performance metrics.

Profile Analysis: FIN7/FIN12-APT-Grade Tooling in Financial Crime

FIN7, active since at least 2015, demonstrates a highly sophisticated methodology, evolving from Point-of-Sale (POS) theft to utilizing APT-grade techniques. The group adapted the notorious Carbanak malware originally associated with massive transnational banking attacks.

FIN7's methodology is distinguished by granular internal reconnaissance and sophisticated evasion. Their malware facilitates extensive surveillance, capturing screenshots and video recordings to secretly steal network credentials and proprietary information.

FIN7 utilizes defense evasion tactics, including digitally signing Carbanak payloads and backdoors using legally purchased code signing certificates (MITRE T1553), bypassing security controls that flag unsigned executables.

Profile Analysis: LockBit and ALPHV/BlackCat-Scale, Evasion, and RaaS

LockBit and ALPHV (BlackCat) operate as highly scalable RaaS entities where the core group maintains infrastructure and recruits affiliates to execute attacks. LockBit 3.0 incorporates specialized anti-analysis techniques, often requiring a unique 32-character password for launch, complicating security research.

A critical TTP utilized by LockBit affiliates is comprehensive defense evasion. LockBit 3.0 deliberately modifies and disables EDR and antivirus software, and specifically clears Windows Event Logs (MITRE T1070.001) immediately upon execution, destroying critical forensic evidence. These anti-analysis features confirm that financially motivated groups now routinely deploy techniques typically attributed to state-sponsored APTs.

Modus Operandi Analysis: Critical Attack Stages and Evasion TTPs

Initial Access: The Credential and VPN Vector

Phishing and social engineering remain overwhelmingly successful, starting over 90% of successful cyberattacks in the financial industry. RaaS affiliates leverage brute-force credential attacks to gain access to VPNs and RDP systems. A key vulnerability is the lack of Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) protecting external remote services.

Credential Access: Dumping and Identity Misuse

Once initial access is established, the immediate objective is elevated privileges and credential harvesting.

LockBit affiliates employ credential dumping techniques using tools like PasswordFox to recover passwords from browsers (MITRE T1555.003) and custom tools like ExtPassword to extract secrets from LSASS memory (MITRE T1003.001). Since average breakout time can be as low as 48 minutes, with the fastest recorded time being 51 seconds, the detection window is severely constrained, mandating automated identity behavior monitoring.

Discovery and Lateral Movement: Living Off The Land (LOTL)

After establishing a foothold, threat actors engage in discovery and lateral movement using Living Off The Land (LOTL) techniques—the abuse of native system tools to execute malicious actions. This approach allows adversaries to blend malicious activity with normal operations, evading signature-based security.

FIN7 has been observed using built-in Windows tools such as csvde.exe for reconnaissance (MITRE T1082), mshta.exe to execute VBScript, and rundll32.exe to launch malware. Common LOTL tools abused include PowerShell, WMI, Mimikatz, and PsExec. Attackers have also exploited legitimate Remote Monitoring and Management (RMM) tools for unauthorized command execution.

Critical Detection Challenge: Because LOTL TTPs utilize benign, trusted files, signature-based EDRs are frequently bypassed. Detection must shift from focusing on the file to analyzing contextual behavioral chains—identifying when a legitimate process executes an anomalous sequence of activities. This necessitates unified platforms capable of correlating event streams across endpoint activity, network telemetry, and user identity.

Attack Stage	MITRE Tactic	Common TTPs Observed	Groups
Initial Access	TA0001	Phishing, VPN/RDP exploitation	FIN7, LockBit, ALPHV
Credential Theft	TA0006	LSASS/Mimikatz, PasswordFox, brute force	LockBit, ALPHV
Internal Reconnaissance	TA0007	Built-in tools, screenshots, video surveillance	FIN7

Attack Stage	MITRE Tactic	Common TTPs Observed	Groups
Lateral Movement	TA0008	LOTL, PsExec, WMI, RMM abuse	FIN7, LockBit
Defense Evasion	TA0005	Clear event logs, disable EDR/AV, code signing	LockBit 3.0, FIN7

Beyond Siloed Security

The Failures of Fragmented Security

Traditional Security Operations Centers (SOCs) characterized by "tool sprawl" face immense operational challenges. Analysts manage five, six, or seven different interfaces, protocols, and alarm sets, creating chaos that delays critical incident handling.

Impact of Fragmentation:

- High MTTD: Fragmented alerting produces low-fidelity alerts leading to analyst fatigue
- Security Breaches: 70% of organizations with siloed data suffer security breaches
- Cost Overruns: Complex tool stacks result in 40% cost overruns and 18-month deployments
- Attacker Advantage: Delays in manual correlation give attackers time to progress from access to impact

Seceon's Unified OTM Architecture

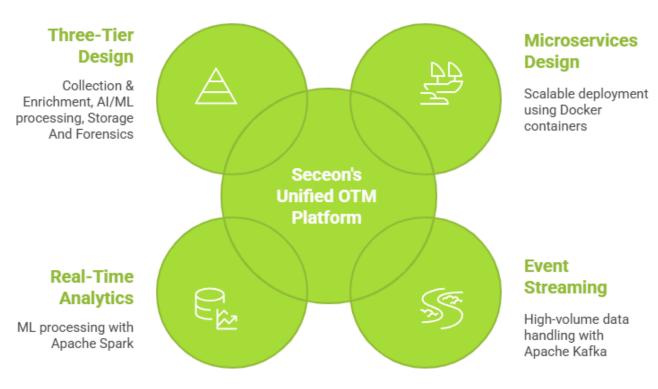
The Seceon Open Threat Management (OTM) Platform delivers unified, Al-powered security operations by consolidating aiSIEM, aiXDR-PMax, SOAR 4.0, NDR, UEBA, and ITDR into a single integrated architecture designed for seamless visibility across IT, OT, Cloud, and Identity domains.

Technical Architecture:

- Microservices Design: Docker containers for scalable deployment
- Event Streaming: Apache Kafka handling 1.6 trillion events/day

- Real-Time Analytics: Apache Spark for ML processing
- Three-Tier Design: Collection & Enrichment → AI/ML Processing → Long-Term Storage & Forensics

Seceon's Unified Security Architecture



The Seceon Event Format (SEF): Eliminating Data Silos

The core architectural differentiator is the Seceon Event Format (SEF), a unified, lossless data model applied immediately at ingestion. Unlike platforms "stitched together" from disparate components requiring multiple data conversions, OTM is purpose-built to utilize SEF, ensuring perfect data fidelity.

SEF Benefits:

- Zero Data Loss: No information lost during telemetry transitions between SIEM, XDR, UEBA, SOAR
- Native Correlation: Eliminates fragile custom connectors and correlation gaps
- Performance Gains: 95% faster correlation, 70% lower storage, 50% less CPU overhead
- Attack Chain Integrity: Guarantees full context for multi-stage attack paths

Deep Analysis: Early-Stage Interception with Seceon OTM Capabilities

Intercepting Initial Access and Credential Abuse

Ransomware groups fundamentally rely on compromised identities. Seceon's combined ITDR and UEBA capabilities provide identity-centric security to stop attacks at the earliest stage.

Neutralizing Brute Force and Compromised Credentials

Seceon UEBA establishes baselines for normal activity across users and entities through machine learning and Dynamic Threat Modeling (DTM), enabling real-time identification of anomalous login attempts, including:

- Impossible Travel Analysis (logins from unusual geographic locations)
- Atypical time and device access patterns
- Credential dumping tool usage (PasswordFox, ExtPassword)

Upon detection of credential anomalies, SOAR executes automated responses: password resets, account isolation, session blocking, and confining threats before the 48-minute breakout window.

Cross-Domain Correlation of Infostealers and Identity Misuse

In traditional siloed environments, an EDR alert for infostealer malware and a SIEM alert for anomalous login require manual correlation. Seceon's unified platform correlates these instantly: Scenario: aiXDR-PMax detects infostealer behavior on Host A. aiSIEM/UEBA simultaneously detects the same user's credentials used from a suspicious IP address in a sequence typical of an attack. Platform immediately generates a high-fidelity alert and triggers automated containment: isolate infected endpoint + lock compromised account.

Neutralizing Reconnaissance and Lateral Movement

LOTL techniques used by FIN7 and LockBit are designed to circumvent endpoint signature defense. Seceon counters this by correlating endpoint process telemetry with network flow and deep packet inspection (DPI) data.

Detecting LOTL Tool Abuse and RMM Misuse

Seceon's unified approach leverages aiXDR-PMax and NDR to track malicious activity hidden within benign tools. Detection focuses on anomalous behavioral sequences rather than file signatures:

- Endpoint Detection: Monitors execution of legitimate tools (csvde.exe, PsExec, mshta.exe)
- Network Correlation: Detects resulting anomalies (unauthorized host enumeration, port scanning, suspicious file transfers)
- Multi-Domain Visibility: If the endpoint layer misses a stealthy process, the network layer detects
 unauthorized communication

Dynamic Threat Modeling for Zero-Day Resilience

The constant evolution of ransomware variants necessitates defenses beyond known signatures. Seceon's Dynamic Threat Modeling (DTM) utilizes AI/ML algorithms to continuously establish and adapt behavioral models based on real-time data, enabling the identification of new threats and zero-day exploits lacking traditional signatures.

Automated Containment and Rapid Response

Modern threat speed mandates immediate, machine-driven containment. Seceon SOAR 4.0 delivers MTTR of sub-5 minutes with 70% of incidents handled through fully automated workflows.

Automated Evasion Countermeasures and Forensic Preservation

LockBit's pre-encryption tactic of clearing Windows Event Logs (MITRE T1070.001) is a deliberate attempt to destroy forensic evidence. However, this high-risk action serves as a high-confidence trigger for automated response.

Automated Response Workflow:

- Endpoint Isolation: Quarantine the affected host from the internal network
- Account Revocation: Instantly revoke user access via IAM integration
- Network Blocking: Integrate with firewalls to block C2 beaconing
- Evidence Collection: Automated forensic data preservation

This instant response capability transforms the attacker's final evasion move into successful detection and containment, ensuring forensic integrity and neutralizing the threat before encryption can execute.

Seceon OTM Capability Mapping to Early Ransomware Interception

TTP Category	MITRE Technique	Seceon Component	Detection Mechanism	SOAR Response
Initial Access / Credential Theft	T1133, T1555	ITDR, UEBA	Impossible Travel, MFA Bypass, DTM	Account suspension, password reset, session blocking
Lateral Movement (LOTL)	T1218, T1570	aiXDR-PMax, NDR	RMM/PenTest abuse detection, host enumeration	Endpoint isolation, firewall policy block
Defense Evasion (Pre-Impact)	T1070.001, T1499	aiSIEM, SOAR 4.0	Security service stop, log manipulation correlation	System snapshot, instant containment, SOC alert
Pre-Ransomware Reconnaissance	T1082, T1018	UEBA, aiXDR, NDR	High-volume system exports, internal scanning	Process termination, monitoring escalation

Quantifying Security Outcomes and Business Value

Operational Performance Metrics: The MTTD/MTTR Advantage

Seceon OTM's unified architecture delivers the step-change operational performance required to counter compressed RaaS timelines:

- Sub-5-minute MTTD and MTTR, ensuring detection and containment faster than attacker's objectives
- 95% false positive reduction through Al-driven correlation and DTM
- High signal fidelity, eliminating alert fatigue and maximizing analyst productivity

Economic and Efficiency Gains

Consolidating SIEM, XDR, SOAR, UEBA, NDR, and ITDR into single platform delivers:

- 47-58% licensing cost reduction by replacing redundant tools
- 84% integration cost savings, eliminating custom connectors
- 70% SOC operational cost cut through automation and unified visibility
- 3-5x analyst productivity gains via single interface and high automation
- 6-9 month ROI with \$2.5M-\$4.2M annual savings vs multi-vendor approaches

Compliance Automation and Audit Assurance

For financial sector organizations subject to stringent regulatory requirements, Seceon's aiCompliance CMX360™ engine delivers:

- 90% automated reporting with continuous control coverage tracking
- 2 hours vs 2 weeks audit preparation time reduction
- 95% audit prediction accuracy powered by SERA AI
- 75% faster audit timelines with native compliance evidence generation
- Framework support: NIST CSF, FISMA, SOC 2 Type II, HIPAA, PCI-DSS, NERC CIP

Quantified Security and Operational Impact

Metric	Traditional Siloed	Seceon OTM Unified	Strategic Impact
False Positive Reduction	Standard (High Noise)	95% via AI/ML	Maximizes analyst focus, reduces burnout
Mean Time to Detect (MTTD)	Hours/Days (Median 10 days)	Sub-5 Minutes	Intercepts within 5-7 day attack window
Mean Time to Respond (MTTR)	Hours/Days	Sub-5 Minutes (Automated SOAR)	Minimizes breach scope, limits loss
Incident Automation Rate	Low (Manual Triage)	70% Fully Automated	3-5x analyst productivity, lower OpEx
Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)	High (Tool Sprawl + Integration)	47-58% Savings	ROI within 6-9 months

Defending Against Financial Ransomware

Neutralizing FIN7, LockBit & ALPHV/BlackCat with Unified OTM Platform



FIN7/FIN12

APT-grade tooling, digitally signed malware, sophisticated reconnaissance



LockBit

RaaS model, clears event logs, disables EDR/antivirus solutions



ALPHV/BlackCat

Advanced anti-analysis, scalable RaaS, critical sector targeting

The Threat Landscape

11%

48 min Fastest breakout time

Increase in incidents (2024)

90%

2024) Attacks start with phishing

Common Attack Chain

Initial Access Credential Theft

→ Discovery

Lateral Movement Defense Evasion

Encryption

Why Traditional Security Fails

Fragmented Tools:

 5–7 separate tools create blind spots and correlation gaps.

Slow Detection:

 Manual processes can't keep pace with a 48-minute attacker breakout.

Data Silos:

 Siloed telemetry leads to uncorrelated logs; 70% of such orgs face breaches.

High Costs:

 Point products drive 40% cost overruns and 18month deployment delays.

Seceon OTM Platform Solution

Unified Architecture

aiSIEM + aiXDR + SOAR + UEBA + ITDR + NDR

Early Detection

- · Identity threat detection (ITDR)
- · Behavioral analytics (UEBA)
- · Living Off The Land detection
- · Dynamic threat modeling

Automated Response

- SOAR 4.0 automation
- · Instant endpoint isolation
- · Automated account revocation
- Forensic preservation

Strategic Recommendations



Mandate architectural consolidation



Require sub-5 minute response SLAs



Focus on identity & behavioral analytics



Leverage compliance automation

Quantified Results



MTTD & MTTR

95%

False positive reduction



70% Automated response



47-58%

Cost reduction

Seceon OTM Platform

Trusted by 9,300+ clients worldwide | Processing 1.6 trillion events/day

Conclusion and Strategic Recommendations

The analysis confirms that financially motivated groups like FIN7/FIN12, LockBit, and ALPHV/BlackCat have fully adopted APT-grade TTPs, heavily utilizing identity compromise, Living Off The Land techniques, and sophisticated defense evasion to achieve rapid network compromise. The attacker's speed fundamentally renders traditional, siloed security architectures obsolete, as they inherently suffer from correlation gaps and MTTD metrics that exceed the attacker's operational breakout speed.

The Seceon Advantage: Unified Defense Against Modern Ransomware

The Seceon OTM Platform provides essential architectural consolidation necessary to counter advanced, multi-stage attacks in their earliest phases. By unifying aiSIEM, aiXDR, NDR, UEBA, ITDR, and SOAR onto the Seceon Event Format (SEF), the platform ensures perfect data fidelity, enabling AI/ML engines to correlate anomalous behavior across endpoints, networks, and identities in real-time.

Key Defense Capabilities:

- Identity Interception: ITDR and UEBA neutralize initial access by detecting credential misuse before lateral movement
- Behavioral Evasion Countermeasures: Unified aiXDR and NDR detect malicious intent behind
 LOTL binaries and RMM abuse
- Time-Critical Containment: SOAR 4.0 delivers sub-5-minute
- MTTR, transforming pre-impact evasion tactics into instantaneous containment triggers

Strategic Recommendations

To establish resilient defense against current-generation financial RaaS threats, organizations must:

- 1. Mandate Architectural Consolidation: Prioritize strategic adoption of unified security platforms like Seceon OTM to eliminate tool sprawl, integration complexities, and data silos. This consolidation must be viewed not merely as cost-saving but as the only viable technical solution ensuring required cross-domain threat correlation fidelity.
- 2. Require Sub-5 Minute Response SLAs: Implement security SLAs mandating MTTD and MTTR metrics in minutes, not hours or days. This forces reliance on Al-driven platforms and SOAR automation to neutralize attacker velocity advantage.
- 3. **Shift Focus to Identity and Behavioral Analytics**: Given prevalence of credential theft and MFA bypass, traditional EDR and network security must be augmented by dedicated, unified ITDR and UEBA capabilities. Defense must prioritize immediate detection and automated containment of anomalous identity usage before attackers achieve privilege escalation or lateral movement.
- 4. Leverage Compliance Automation for Continuous Posture Management: Utilize integrated compliance engines such as CMX360™ to continuously validate security control coverage. This ensures operational security efforts automatically produce regulatory evidence, drastically reducing audit risk and administrative burden.

Final Assessment

The threat landscape has fundamentally shifted. Ransomware groups now operate with nation-state sophistication, compressing attack timelines to under 48 minutes breakout time. Traditional security architectures built on fragmented tools cannot match this velocity.

Seceon's unified OTM Platform represents a paradigm shift from reactive breach response to proactive, automated early-stage interception. Organizations adopting this unified approach gain not only superior security outcomes but also significant economic advantages—achieving 47-58% cost reduction while delivering sub-5 minute detection and response.

The choice is clear: unified, Al-powered platforms that match attacker speed, or continued reliance on fragmented tools that guarantee prolonged dwell time, expanded breach scope, and catastrophic business impact.

About Seceon

Seceon enables MSPs, MSSPs, and Enterprises to reduce cyber threat risks and their security stack complexity while greatly improving their ability to detect and block threats, and breaches at scale. Seceon's Open Threat Management (OTM) platform augments and automates MSP and MSSP security services with our AI and ML-powered aiSIEM, aiXDR, and aiMSSP platforms. The platform delivers gapless coverage by collecting telemetry from logs, identity management, network logs and flows, endpoints, clouds, and applications. It's all enriched and analyzed in real-time by applying threat intelligence, AI and ML models built on behavioral analysis, and correlation engines to create reliable, transparent detections and alerts. Over 680 partners are reselling and/or running the industry's lowest TCO, efficient security services with automated cyber threat remediation and continuous compliance for over 9,000 clients.



This whitepaper is based on research and data from:

- State of Cybersecurity 2025 for USA MSPs/MSSPs: Challenges, Threats, and the Seceon Platform Solution, Seceon Inc., 2025
- FIN7 Cybercrime Group: Evolution from POS Attacks to RaaS Operations, Picus Security, 2024
- LockBit Cybersecurity Advisory, Internet Crime Complaint Center (IC3), June 2023
- Understanding Ransomware Threat Actors: LockBit, CISA, AA23-165a, 2023
- M-Trends 2024 Special Report, Mandiant / Google Cloud, 2024
- The Top 10 Ransomware TTPs, Arctic Wolf, 2024

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Tom brings over three decades of cybersecurity expertise, helping organizations strengthen their defenses against modern threats using Seceon's OTM platform. He leads strategic engagement with global customers, guiding their shift from fragmented toolsets to unified, Al-driven threat detection and automated response. His background spans technical sales, enterprise security design, and executive account leadership across multiple industries. Tom focuses on aligning security outcomes with business objectives, improving resilience, and delivering measurable ROI as organizations modernize their security operations.

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